CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

1. (currently amended) A compound having the structure:

wherein R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁶ are members independently selected from H, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, and substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, wherein a member selected from R¹ and R²; R³ and R⁴; and R⁵ and R⁶, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, optionally form a ring system selected from heteroaryl and heterocycloalkyl;

Y¹, Y² and Y³ are members independently selected from O and (H)₂, wherein at least one group selected from Y¹, Y² and Y³ is O;

Q is a member selected from H, a protecting group and a cleaveable group; and a is 0 or 1.

2. (original) The compound according to claim 1, wherein a member selected from R¹, R³ and R⁵ has the structure:

wherein L¹ is a member selected from substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl and substituted or unsubstituted aryl; and

X¹ is a member selected from protected or unprotected reactive functional groups and non-covalent protein binding groups.

3. (withdrawn) The compound according to claim 2, wherein a member selected from R¹, R³ and R⁵ is a member selected from:

$$X^1 \longrightarrow X^1 \longrightarrow X^1$$

X¹ is a member selected from:

$$R^{21}O \longrightarrow NH \longrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{c} ; & R^{21}O \longrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{c} ; & \text{and} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$$

in which R²¹ is a member selected from H, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl and substituted or unsubstituted aryl;

v is an integer from 1 to 20; and w is an integer from 1 to 1,000.

- 4. (original) The compound according to claim 2, wherein said non-covalent protein binding group is sulfonate.
- 5. (withdrawn) The compound according to claim 1, wherein a member selected from R¹, R³ and R⁵ has the structure:

$$\xi - L^1 - X^2 - Z^1$$

wherein L^1 is a member selected from substituted or unsubstituted alkyl and substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl; and

 X^2 is a linking member adjoining L^1 to Z^1 ; and

Z¹ is a member selected from carrier molecules and detectable labels.

- 6. (withdrawn) The compound according to claim 5, wherein said carrier molecule is a targeting agent.
- 7. (original) The compound according to claim 2, having the structure:

wherein X^1 is a member selected from NH₂, SH, COR⁷, O(CH₂)_mZ⁶, NHNH₂ and O(CH₂)₂(OCH₂CH₂)₈O(CH₂)₂Z⁶

wherein R⁷ is a member selected from H, OR⁸, OCOR⁸, NR⁸R⁹,
wherein R⁸ and R⁹ are members independently selected from H,
substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted
heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or
unsubstituted heteroaryl and substituted or unsubstituted
heterocycloalkyl;

Z⁶ is a member selected from OR¹⁰, OCOR¹⁰, NR¹⁰R¹¹ wherein R¹⁰ and R¹¹ are members independently selected from H, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl, substituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted or unsubstituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl;

m is an integer from 1 to 20; and s is an integer from 1 to 1000.

8. (original) The compound according to claim 1, having the structure:

$$Z^{3}$$
— L^{5}
 Z^{4} — L^{6}
 L^{4} — Z^{2}
 R^{6}
 R^{6}
 R^{3}
 R^{4}

wherein L^2 is a member selected from substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl,

substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl;

- L³, L⁴, L⁵ and L⁶ are members independently selected from a single bond, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl and substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl; and
- Z^2 , Z^3 , and Z^4 are members independently selected from H, substituted or unsubstituted aryl and substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl.
- 9. (original) The compound according to claim 8, wherein Z², Z³, and Z⁴ are members independently selected from substituted or unsubstituted pyridyl, substituted or unsubstituted salicylamidyl, substituted or unsubstituted phthalamidyl, substituted or unsubstituted or unsubstituted or unsubstituted or unsubstituted and

wherein R¹², R¹³, R¹⁴, R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are members independently selected from H, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, and substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, wherein a member selected from R⁷ and R⁸; and R⁹ and R¹⁰, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, form a ring system selected from heteroaryl and heterocycloalkyl;

Y⁴, Y⁵ and Y⁶ are members independently selected from O and (H)₂; and Q is a member selected from H, a protecting group or a cleaveable group.

- 10. (original) The compound according to claim 8, wherein L^2 is a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl group.
- 11. (withdrawn) The compound according to claim 1, wherein at least one of R¹, R³ and R⁵ has the structure:

$$\{ x \mid X \mid Z^5 \}$$

wherein, Z⁵ is a member selected from H, OR¹⁷, SR¹⁷, NHR¹⁷, OCOR¹⁸, OC(O)NHR¹⁸, NHC(O)OR¹⁷, OS(O)₂OR¹⁷, and C(O)R¹⁸;

R¹⁷ is a member selected from H, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, and substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl;

R¹⁸ is a member selected from H, OR¹⁹, NR¹⁹NH₂, SH, C(O)R¹⁹, NR¹⁹H, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl and substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl;

R¹⁹ is a member selected from H, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl and substituted or unsubstituted alkyl;

X is a member selected from O, S and NR²⁰

wherein R²⁰ is a member selected from H, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl and substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl; and j and k are members independently selected from the group consisting of integers from 1 to 20.

12. (withdrawn) The compound according to claim 1, having the structure:

in which p is an integer from 0 to 2.

- 13. (original) A polymer comprising a subunit having said structure according to claim 1.
- 14. (original) The polymer according to claim 13, wherein said polymer is a biomolecule.
- 15. (currently amended) The polymer according to [[1]] <u>claim 13</u>, having the structure:

wherein L⁷ is a member selected from a single bond, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl and substituted or unsubstituted aryl; and X³ is linking member joining L⁷ to A;
A is a carrier molecule.

- 16. (currently amended) The polymer according to claim 15 wherein A is a member selected from biopolymers, poly(amino acids), polyethers, polyimines, polysaccharides, dendrimers, cyclodextrins, <u>and</u> pharmaceutical agents.
- 17. (original) The polymer according to claim 16, wherein said biopolymer is a member selected from polypeptides, nucleic acids and saccharides.
- 18. (original) The polymer according to claim 17, wherein said protein is a member selected from antibodies, enzymes, and serum proteins
- 19. (currently amended) A chelate of a metal ion comprising an organic ligand having said structure according to claim 1 and a metal ion.
- 20. (original) The chelate according to claim 19, wherein said metal ion is a lanthanide ion.
- 21. (original) The chelate according to claim 20, wherein said chelate is luminescent.

- 22. (original) The chelate according to claim 19, wherein said chelate is covalently attached to a carrier molecule.
- 23. (withdrawn) A method for detecting enzyme in a sample, said method comprising:
 - (a) contacting said sample with a peptide construct comprising:
 - i) a peptide sequence, said sequence comprising a cleavage site for said enzyme;
 - ii) a complex according to claim 19 covalently bound to said peptide; and
 - iii) a quencher of light energy covalently bound to said peptide sequence, said quencher having an absorbance band overlapping an emission band of said complex,
 - wherein said peptide sequence conformation allows light energy transfer between said complex and said quencher when said complex is excited;
 - (b) exciting said complex;
 - (c) determining a fluorescence property of said sample; and
 - (d) comparing said fluorescence property from step (c) with a reference fluorescence property for said peptide construct, wherein said activity of said enzyme in said sample alters said light energy transfer, resulting in a change in said fluorescence property.
- 24. (withdrawn) A method of determining the effect of a compound on enzyme activity, said method comprising:
 - (a) contacting a sample comprising said enzyme with a peptide construct comprising:
 - i) a peptide sequence, said sequence comprising a cleavage site for said enzyme;
 - ii) a complex according to claim 19 covalently bound to said peptide sequence; and
 - iii) a quencher of light energy covalently bound to said peptide sequence, said quencher having an absorbance band overlapping an emission band of said complex,
 - wherein said peptide sequence conformation allows light energy transfer between said complex and said quencher when said complex is excited;
 - (b) exciting said complex;

- (c) determining a fluorescence property of said sample; and
- (d) comparing said fluorescence property from step (c) with a reference fluorescence property for said peptide construct, wherein said activity of said enzyme in said sample alters said light energy transfer, resulting in a change in said fluorescence property.
- 25. (withdrawn) A method for detecting a target nucleic acid sequence, said method comprising:
 - (a) contacting said target sequence with a detector oligonucleotide comprising a single-stranded target binding sequence, said detector oligonucleotide having covalently linked thereto,
 - i) a complex according to claim 19;
 - ii) a quencher of light energy having an absorbance band overlapping an emission band of said complex,
 - wherein said detector nucleic acid conformation allows fluorescence energy transfer between said complex and said quencher when said complex is excited;
 - (b) hybridizing said target binding sequence to said target sequence, thereby altering said conformation of said detector oligonucleotide, causing a change in a fluorescence parameter of said complex; and
 - (c) determining a fluorescence property of said sample; and
 - (d) comparing said fluorescence property from step (c) with a reference fluorescence property for said peptide construct, wherein said activity of said enzyme in said sample alters said light energy transfer, resulting in a change in said fluorescence property.
- 26. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 25, wherein said detector oligonucleotide has a format selected from molecular beacons, scorpion probes, sunrise probes, light up probes and TaqManTM probes.
- 27. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 23, 24 or 25, wherein said fluorescence property is detected in-real time.
- 28. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 23, 24 or 25, wherein said change and said fluorescence property measured is a change in fluorescence intensity.

- 29. (withdrawn) A microarray comprising a complex according to claim 19, wherein said complex is conjugated to a solid support or to a carrier molecule attached to said solid support.
- 30. (withdrawn) The microarray according to claim 29, wherein said carrier molecule is a member selected from a nucleic acid, a peptide, a peptide nucleic acid, a pharmaceutical agent and combinations thereof.
- 31. (withdrawn) The microarray according to claim 29, wherein said solid support is divided into a first region and a second region, said first region having attached thereto a first complex, and said second region having attached thereto a second.
- 32. (withdrawn) A method of providing radiation therapy to a subject requiring such therapy, said method comprising: administering to said subject a complex according to claim 19, said complex having radiosensitization properties; and administering ionizing radiation to said subject, thereby providing radiation therapy to said subject.
- (withdrawn) A method for photodynamic therapy of a lesion or of a lesion beneath melanodermic tissue of a subject, said method comprising:(a) administering a complex according to claim 19 to said subject; and(b) photoirradiating said lesion.
- 34. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 33, wherein said photoirradiating is with light having a wavelength range of about 610 to about 1150 nanometers.
- 35. (withdrawn) The method of claim 34 wherein the photoirradiating is with light having a wavelength range of about 730 to about 770 nanometers.
- 36. (currently amended) The complex chelate according to claim 19, wherein said complex chelate comprises a component of an ink or a dye a fluorophore.
- 37. (currently amended) The complex A substrate for the transmission and amplification of light, said substrate comprising the chelate according to claim 19, wherein said complex comprises a component of a substrate for the transmission and amplification of light.

- 38. (currently amended) The <u>complex substrate</u> according to claim 37, wherein said substrate comprises a member selected from glass, organic polymers, inorganic polymers and combinations thereof.
- 39. (withdrawn) A method for amplifying light transmitted by a substrate, said method comprising transmitting light through a substrate according to claim 37, thereby amplifying said light.
- 40. (new) The compound of claim 1 wherein Y^2 is O.
- 41. (new) The compound of claim 1 wherein at least two groups selected from Y^1 , Y^2 and Y^3 are each O.
- 42. (new) The compound of claim 1 wherein Y^1 , Y^2 and Y^3 are each O.
- 43. (new) A compound having the structure:

wherein each R⁵ and each R⁶ are independently selected from H, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, and substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, and wherein R⁵ and R⁶, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, optionally form a ring system selected from heteroaryl and heterocycloalkyl; and

m and n are independently selected from 1, 2 and 3.

- 44. (new) The compound of claim 43 wherein each R⁵ is H.
- 45. (new) The compound of claim 44 wherein each R⁶ is independently selected from substituted or unsubstituted alkyl and substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl.

- 46. (new) The compound of claim 45 wherein m and n are each 1.
- 47. (new) The compound of claim 46 having the structure: